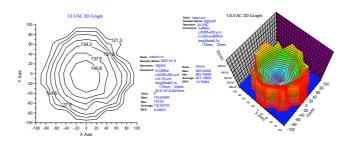




Integrated Metrology System for Metallization Process





Gai_Chin@ulvac.com

Components Division ULVAC, Inc.

2004/07/28







To measure the conductive film thickness on silicon wafer by non-contact and nondestructive method, ULVAC developed the measurement system based on eddy current detecting technology (MESEC).

Usually, 4-point probe measurement system is used to measure the conductive film thickness on wafer. The probe contacts the film, and cause damage on the surface. This kind of system is only used for indirect evaluation of semiconductor process on monitor wafers. But MESEC can evaluate directly on product wafers. So it is possible to obtain more reliable data and to reduce the cost on monitor wafers.

ULVAC developed following three kinds of systems,

Built-in Type (MESEC-BIT): Integrated onto the deposition systems,
such as PVD, CVD and ECDStand-alone Type (MESEC-SAT):Used for in-line or off-line measurement.

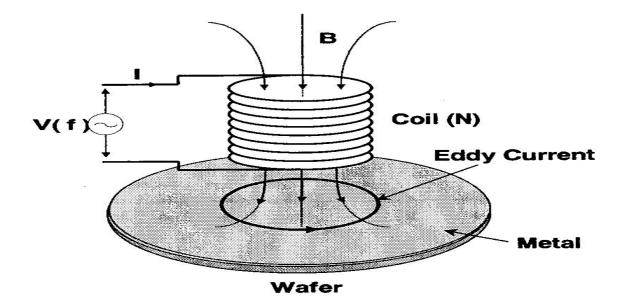
In-situ Type (MESEC-IST) : Under evaluation on CMP equipment





Measurement Principle

The eddy current technique is based on the principle of magnetic inductance effect. If conductive material, like metal film, is placed in the presence of a changing magnetic field, eddy current is induced on the film. The inductance of detective coil changes with the eddy current. The value of inductance is corresponded with thickness of the conductive film. Therefore, the thickness of the film is possible to be measured by measuring inductance of the coil.









It is possible to measure the thickness of thin metal films on silicon device wafers by using this non-contact and non-destructive technique which enables product wafers to be measured directly.

Small-size eddy current probe and speedy measuring time makes it possible to built this system into PVD, CVD, ECD(plating), and CMP tools, etc.

A capacitance displacement sensor measures the distance between eddy current probe and the wafer surface, ensuring precision and accuracy of film thickness measurements.

Auto dynamic calibration prevents long term drift in the measuring system, helping to ensure excellent repeatability of film thickness measurements.

Users can easily construct a database to calculate thickness of metal alloy films, make it possible to measure thickness of most metal alloy films. (Stand-alone type only)

Powerful data analysis software and flexible graphic functions are available with graphical user interface. (Stand-alone type only)





Outside (Stand-alone Type)







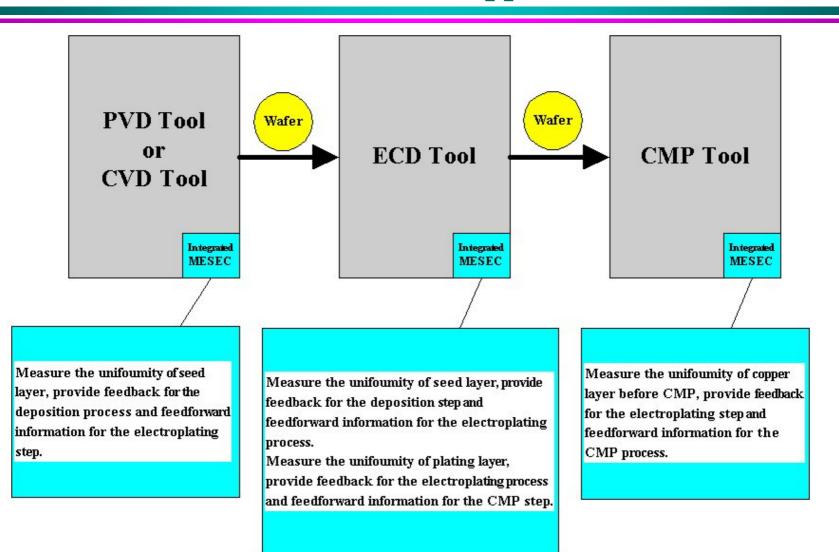
Outside (Stand-alone Type)







Possible MESEC Integration for Dual -damascene Copper Process







Outside (Built-in Type)



MESEC-BIT2000A

MESEC-BIT2000B

MESEC-BIT3000S

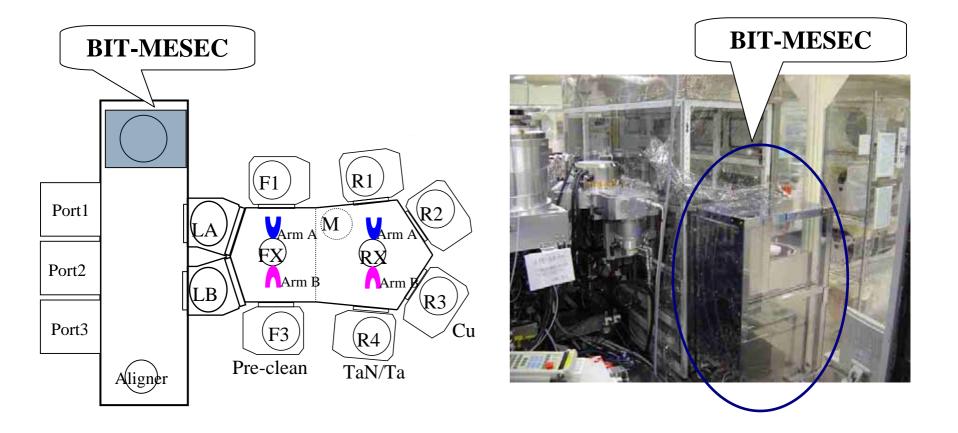






- Evaluation for Cu-seed process -

MESEC Integrated into ULVAC ENTRON W-300 System







Integrated metrology is very important for advanced 200mm and all 300mm ECD.

Several ECD suppliers have integrated metrology units in ECD plating tools.

Multiple ULVAC MESEC Integrated Metrology Modules are running in field testing with production ECD copper wafers.





Standard specification

- Film thickness measurement range:
- Measurable material:

0.03 µ m ~ 5 µ m

Thin conductive film on silicon wafer

(Cu, AL, AlCu,etc)

- Film thickness measurement precision:
- Film thickness measurement repeatability :

+/- 1% (for calibrated reading)

+/**- 0.5%** (1)

(In the case of measuring same point 10 times repeatability)

Spatial resolution:

Measuring speed:

3mm (Sensor diameter : 2.2mm)

1second/point or less

(except movement time of stage)

200mm, 300mm

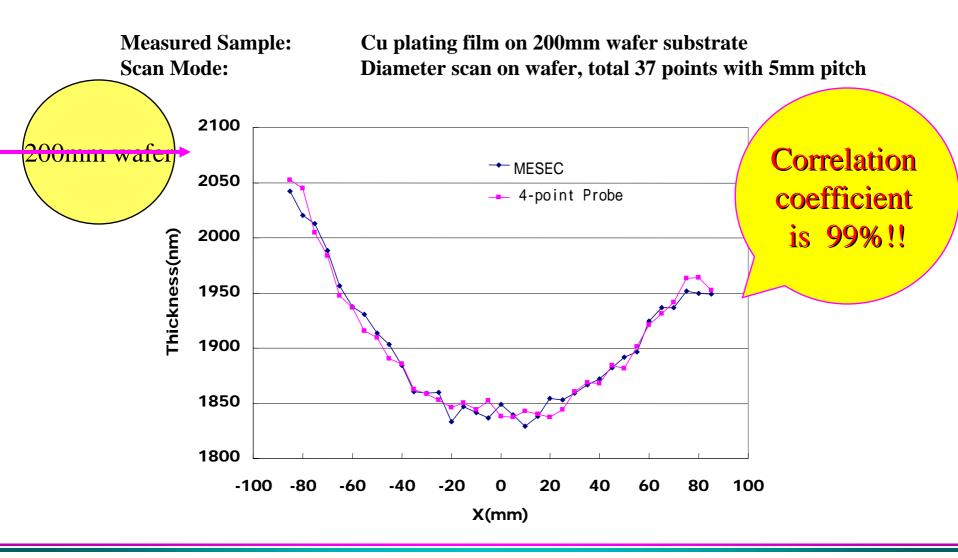
- R- mapping, X-Y grid
- Windows NT4

- Stage size:
- Measurement mode:
- Software operational environment:



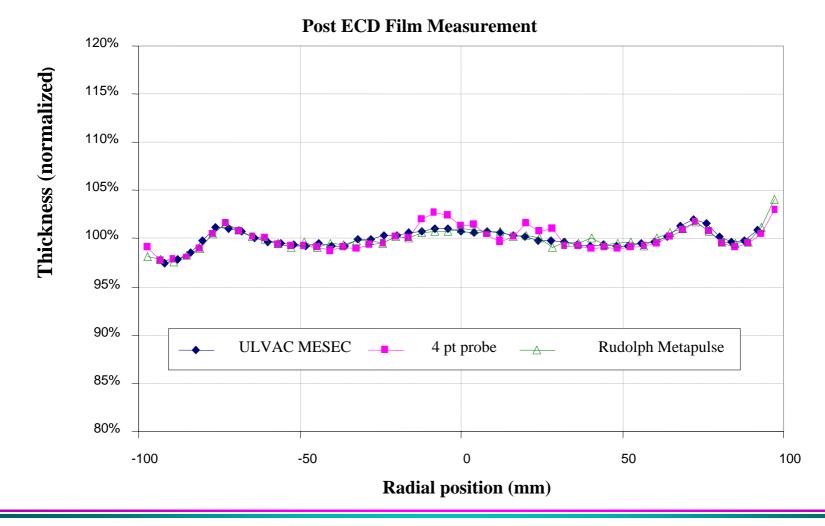


Correlation between MESEC and 4-Points Probe





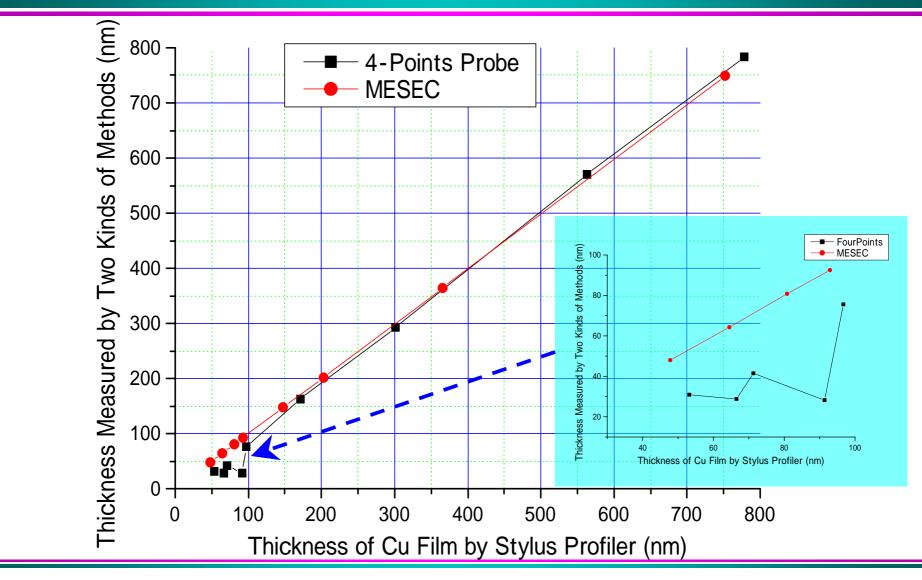
Correlation between MESEC, MetaPulse and 4-Points Probe







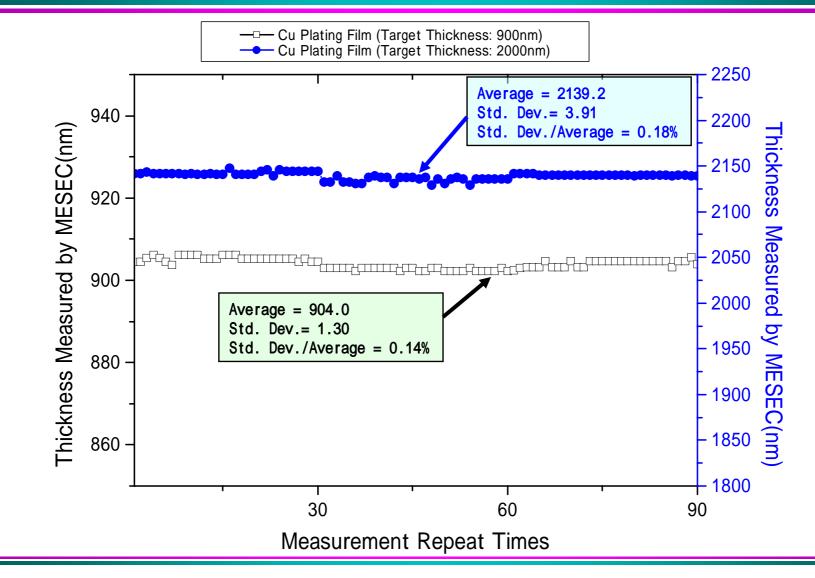
Performance Comparison for 4-Points Probe and MESEC





Evaluation on





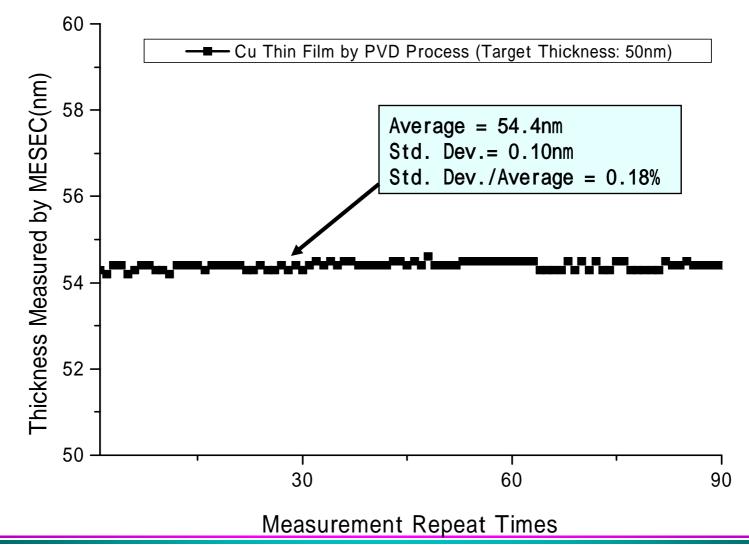
Components Division

Ultimate in Vacuum since 1952



Evaluation on

Long Term Stability (Several Days Interval, 30 times/day)



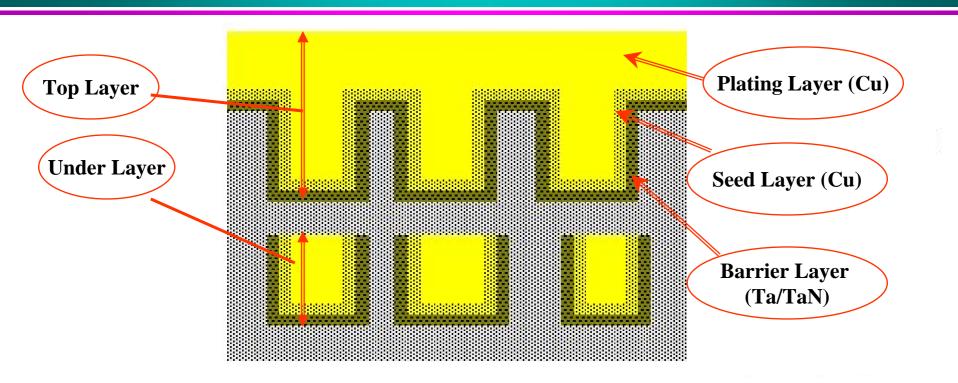
Components Division

Ultimate in Vacuum since 1952





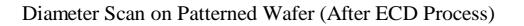
Measurement on Multi-layer Patterned Wafer after ECD Process

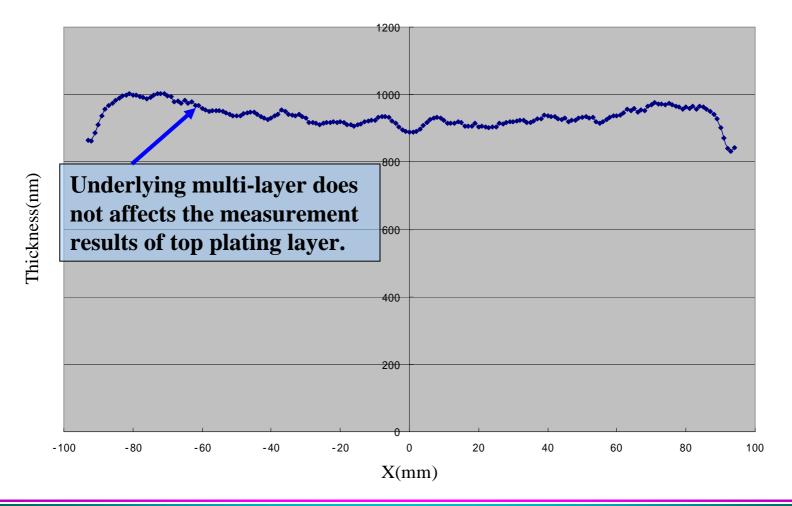


The top film is unpatterned and can support eddy current formation. Underlying metal are patterned which breaks up the eddy currents, unless there are large areas of unpatterned metal. These large areas of unpatterned underlying metal may occur on test die or in alignment areas but would not normally be found within an active die area.



Measurement on Multi-layer Patterned Wafer Ultimate in Vacuum since 1952 after ECD Process









Why our customers selected the MESEC ?

--- Real value of the MESEC

Process Optimization

Improved Reliability

Cost of Ownership Saving

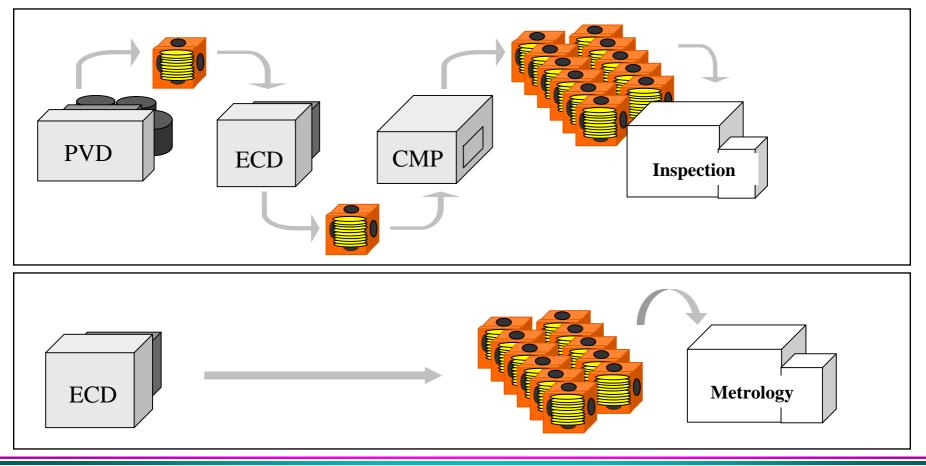




Conventional line ---

The wafers are inspected after all processes. Or even if after each process,

they are evaluated all at once.

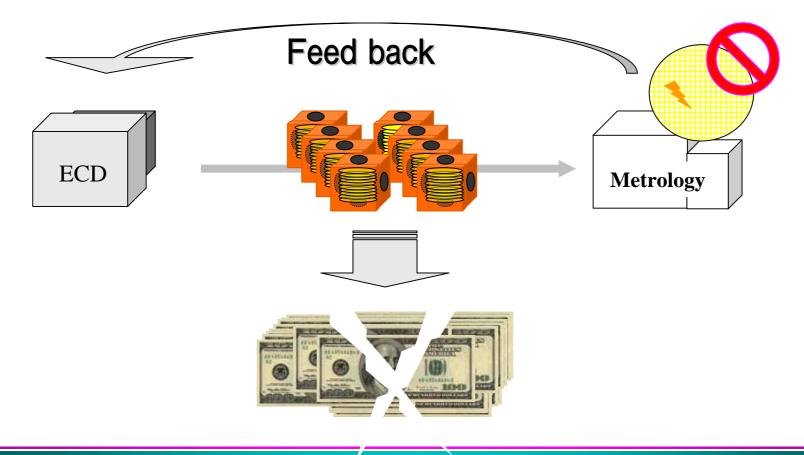






As a result - - -

When defects are found during metrology measurement, feed back information to the deposition tool is too late.







ULVAC Solution

Integrate the MESEC onto each Cu process line.

<u>**Necessary**</u> to integrate the MESEC

Non-contact Measurement of all production wafers > Speedy measurement → ✓ Easy to integrate > Compact > Stability ✓ High reliability > Accuracy QC wafers > Cost saving ✓ *Reduce* Indirect inspection time The waste wafer





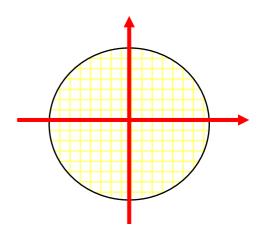
Measurement application

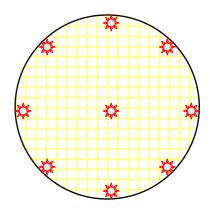
Diameter Scan

- For surface uniformity analysis.
- To see the result of deposition.

> Overall Scan

- For surface uniformity analysis.
- For Quality Control.
- For control of the exchange cycle of consumable parts for deposition tool, such as target, bath and pad, etc.





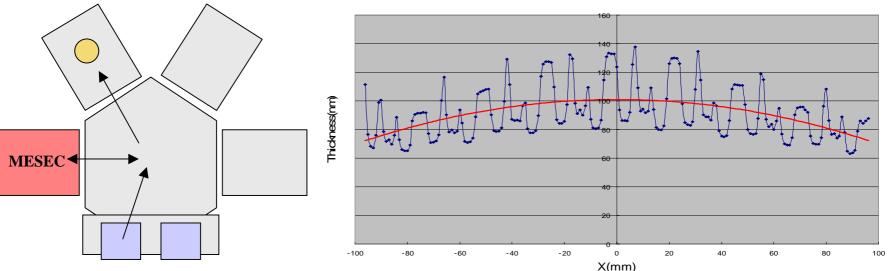




Measuring in-coming wafer

Feed forward the result to select an optimum recipe.

Profile Optimizer



Diameter Scan on Patterned Wafer (Before ECD Process)

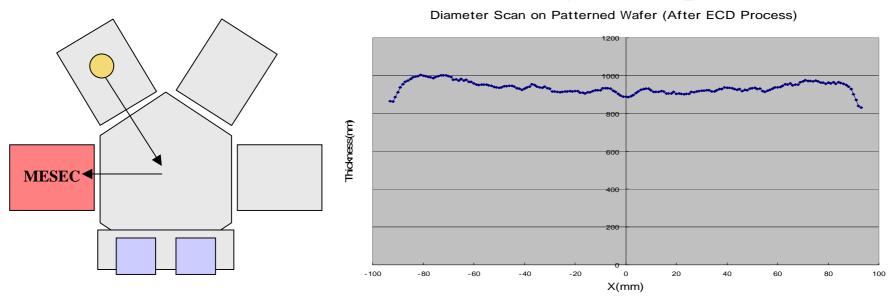




Measuring outgoing wafer

Check results and provide feed back for ECD improvement. Stop producing waste wafers at once !

Profile Keeper







Why integrated the MESEC

> Advantage for the PVD, ECD and CMP supplier

Optimization of film thickness profile (Feed-forward)
 Dynamic deposition control (Feed-back)
 Yes/No decision on the production wafer

> Advantage for the end user

Reduction of QC/monitor wafers
On the fly tool qualifications
Higher Yield Ratio





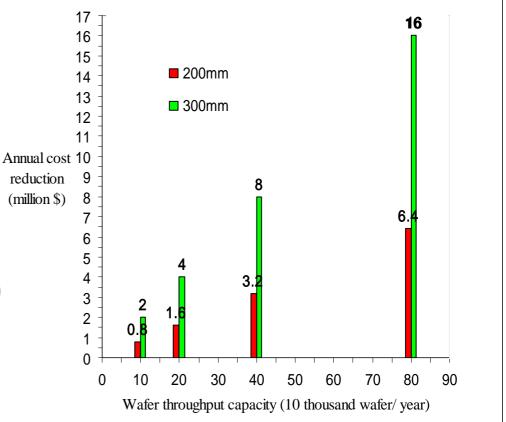
Trial calculation

Reduction effect on test wafer expense.

- Condition -

-5 wiring processes / wafer
-Unit price of 200mm wafer: \$ 80.
-Unit price of 300mm wafer: \$ 200.

-Test wafer / Production wafer ratio: 1/50







Performance Comparison with

Conductive Film Thickness Measuring Systems

	Eddy Current Type (<mark>MESEC</mark>)	4-Point Probe Type	Fluorescent X-ray Type	X-ray Interference Type	Pulse Laser Type
Destructive Dangerous	Non-destructive	× Contact	× Radioactive Source	× Radioactive Source	× High Power Laser
Measuring Range	30nm~5 µ m	100nm~10 µ m	10nm~15 µ m	× 10nm~400nm	10nm~3.5 µ m
Measuring Time (Per Point)	Less than 1 second	A few seconds	× A few minutes	× A few minutes	A few seconds
Spatial Resolution	A few mm	A few mm	× A few cm	A few mm	A few µm
Excelle		× Poor	A lew cm	A lew min	A lew µ m





MESEC Performance

>Advantages:

- Non-contact, no wafer damage !
- ✓ Excellent correlation with other measurement methods.
- Capable of measuring film on top of multi-stacked damascene layers.
- Minimal loss of production wafers
- Early detection of deposition tool problem

> User friendly:

- ✓ Easy to operate.
- No adjustments.
- No consumable parts.
- Maintenance free.
- Reasonable price.

Low CoO and fast amortization can be realized with continuous use of the MESEC.

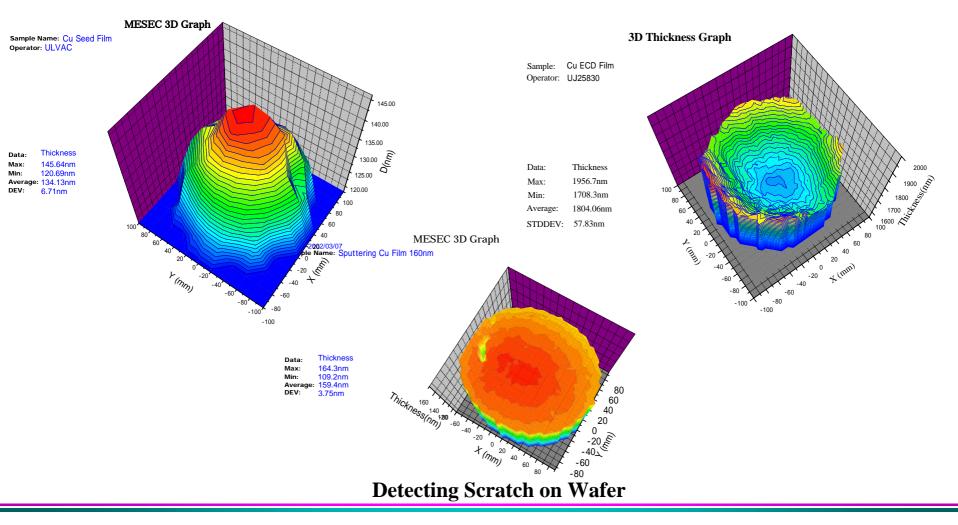


Application Data





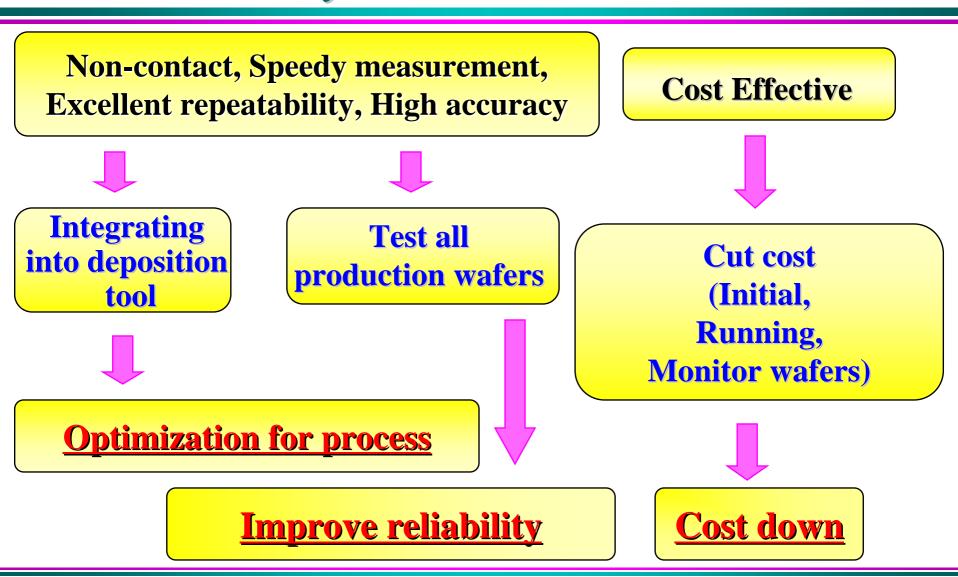








Why select the MESEC







Global Network

