

CMPUG / August 7,2002

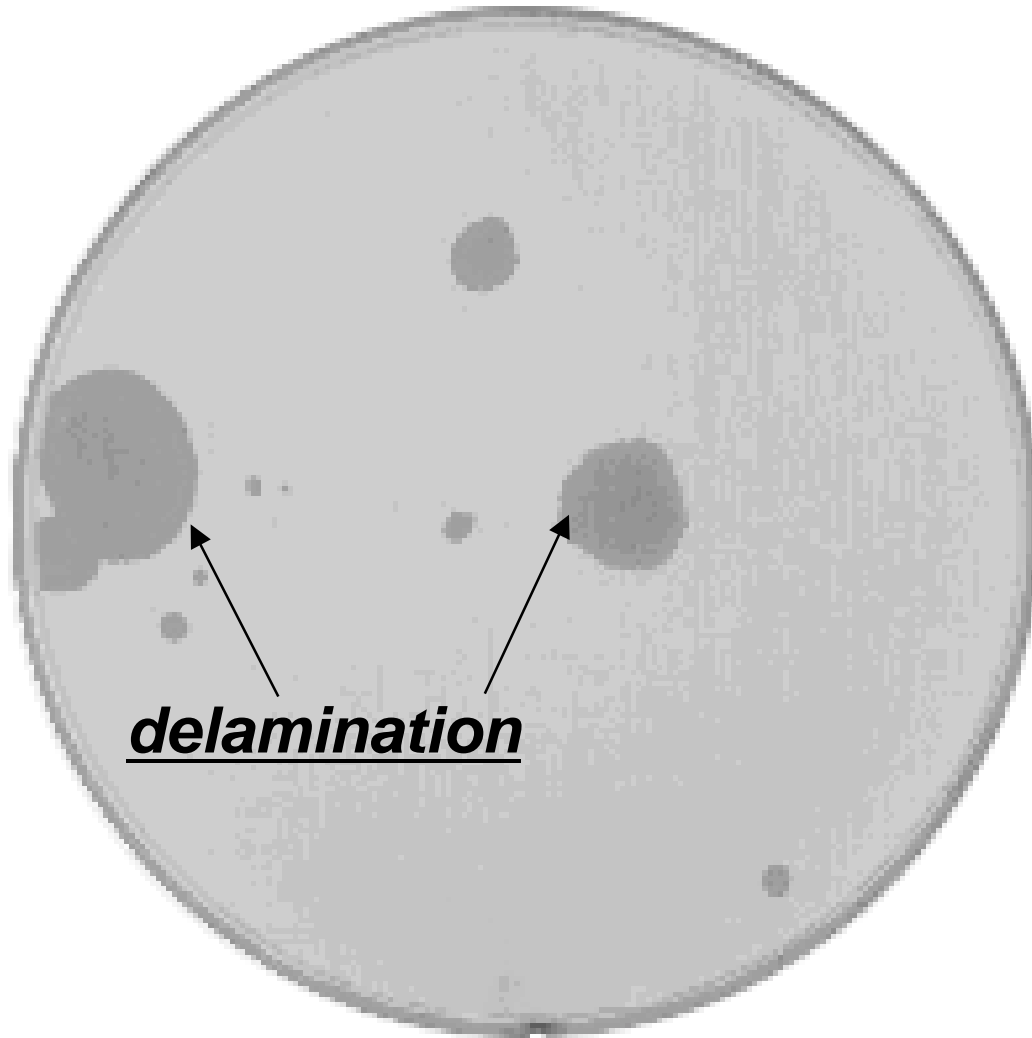
# Hitachi Chemical Metal CMP Slurry and Low-K Material

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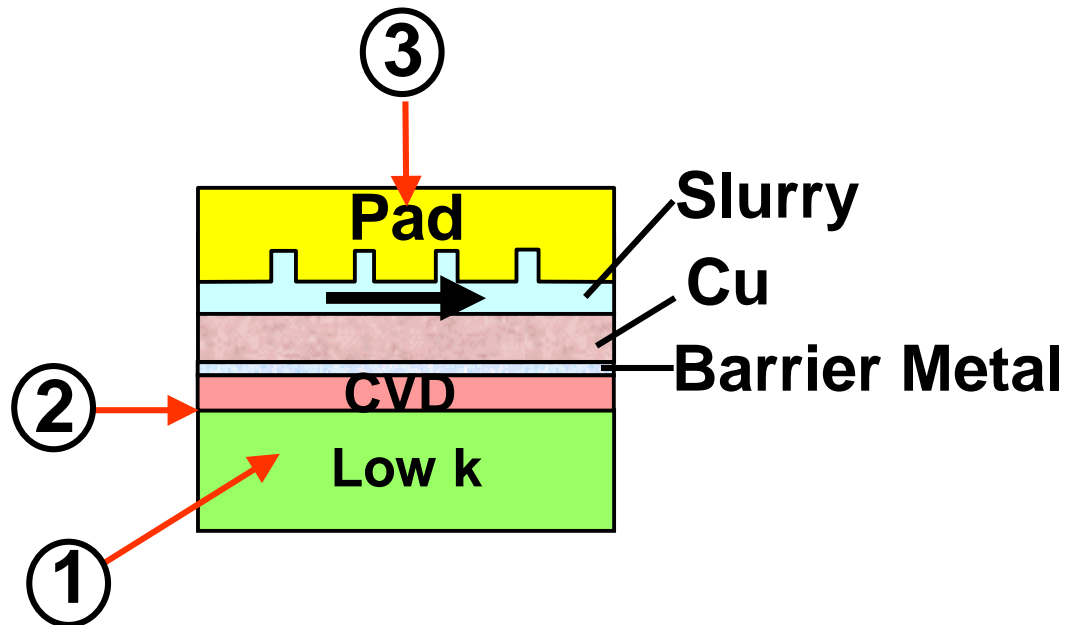
**Hitachi Chemical**

# Delamination



# Why delamination happens ?

- ① Low mechanical strength of Low k material
- ② Poor adhesion between Low k and CVD
- ③ High down force Cu polishing



# Hitachi Chemical Cu / Low-k Integration Process Solution



## Cu-CMP slurry

- **Low down force polishing**

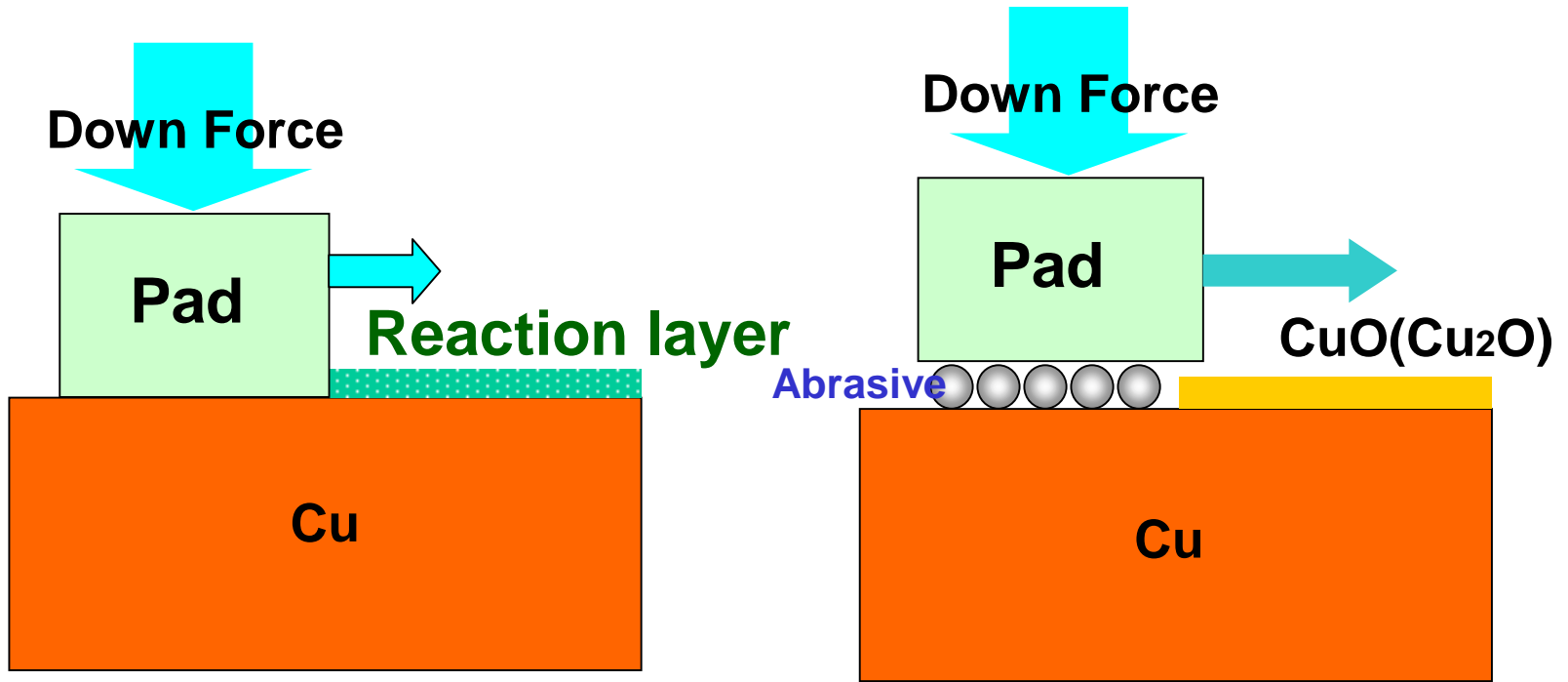
## Low-k material

- **High mechanical strength**

# Appearance of Abrasive Free Polishing (AFP) solution



# Polishing Model



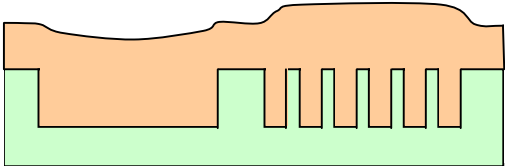
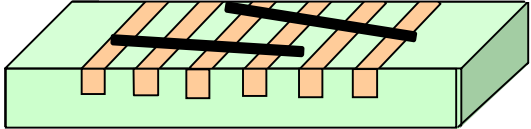
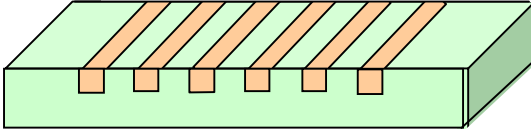
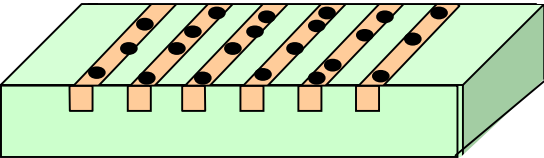
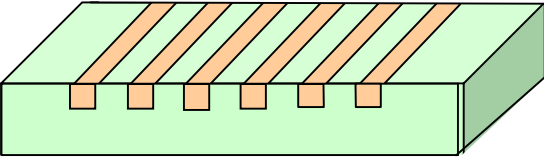
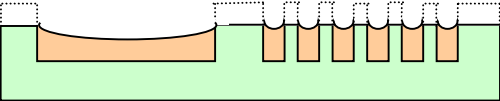
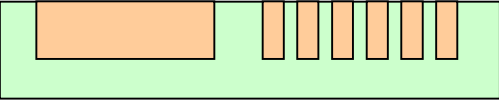
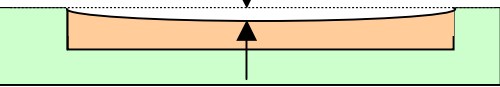
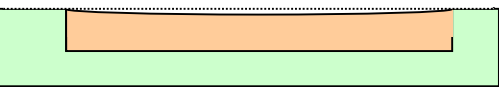
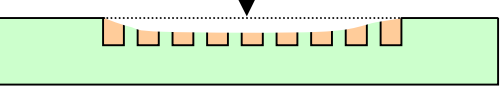
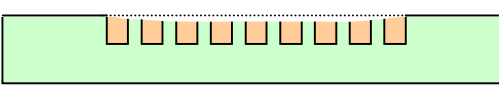
**Abrasive Free**

Polishing pad shear force

**Conventional**

Abrasive powder

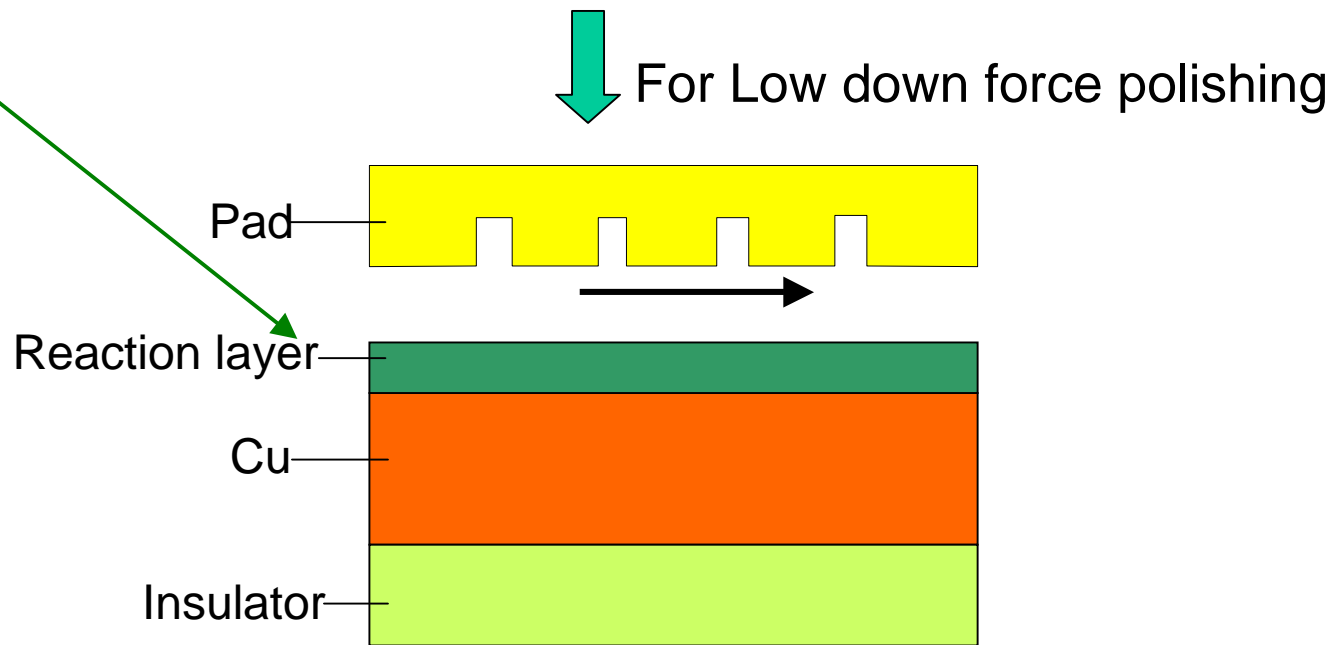
# Advantages of AFP

Item	Conventional	Abrasive Free	Merit
_____			_____
Micro Scratch			Increase in Yield
Particle Residue			Increase in Reliability
SiO <sub>2</sub> Loss			Designed Resistivity
Dishing			Designed Resistivity
Erosion			Designed Resistivity

# Concepts of Cu slurry for Low-k

Change reaction layer with new formulation

The structure, hardness, thickness & formation speed are optimized



HS-C500-X

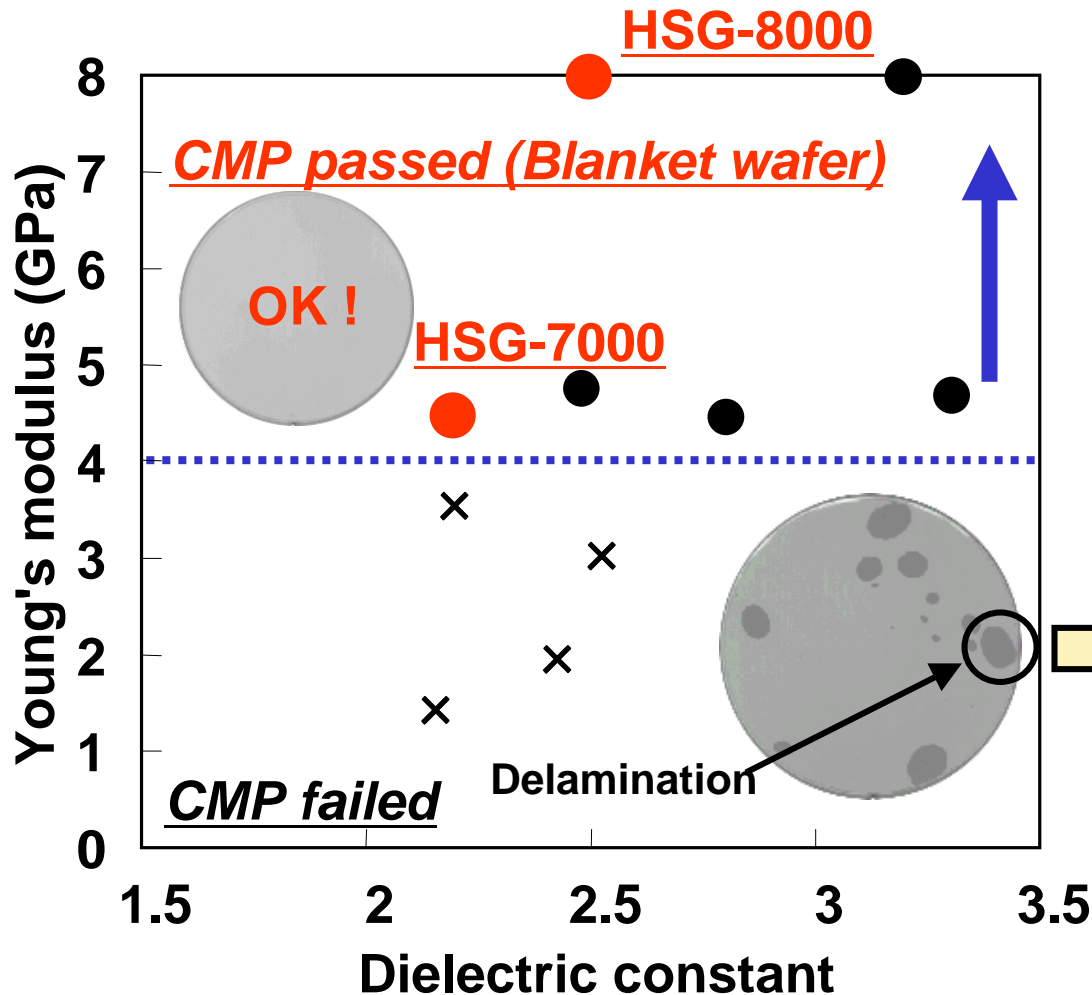


# Performance of new Cu slurry (HS-C500-X) for Low-K

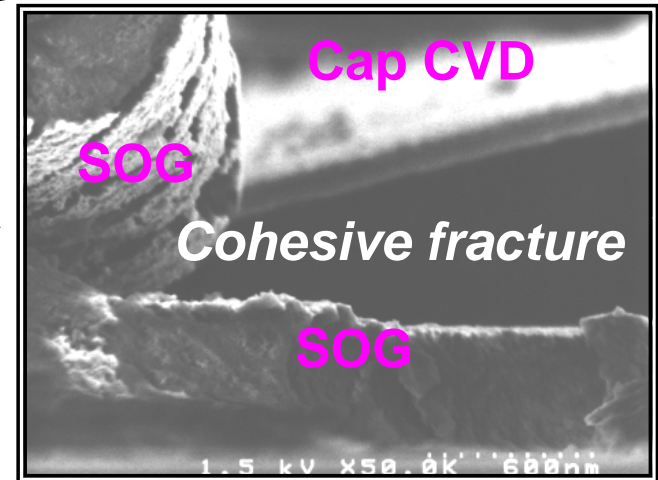
Items			Target	HS-C500-X
Feature			-	High RR High planarity Low Friction
Friction* (vs conventional on: 100)			-	63 a.u.
Removal Rate (Ang./min) (NU:1sig.%)	Cu	1.5psi	> 5000	5350
		2.0psi	> 5500	7400
Dishing(Ang.,100um/100um)			< 500	500 ***
Cu Loss**(Ang.,9.0/1.0um)			< 500	500 ***
Cu Residue			None	None

\*: Estimated value from pad temp.\*\*: Erosion+Dishing, \*\*\*: DF = 2psi, Wafer: Sematech 854, OP=30%

# Influence of Young's modulus on Cu-CMP



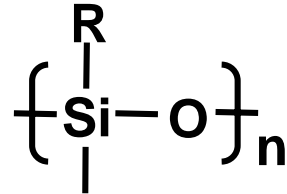
- Requirements for low k
- 1) Bulk k :  $\leq 2.2$
  - 2) **Modulus :  $> 4\text{GPa}$**
  - 3) Good Adhesion to CVD (Selection of CVD film)



Cross Sectional SEM  
 Courtesy of Hitachi Central  
 Research Laboratory

# Concepts of HSG-7000

HSG-7000

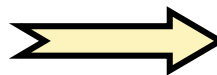


R: organic group

Spin-on Dielectric  
Siloxane Polymer  
Porous Material  
 $k \leq 2.2$

## Material Design Concepts

- **Process Compatibility**
- Low Organic Content
- Low Pore Volume
- Narrow Pore Size Distribution



## Good Process Compatibility

- **High Mechanical Strength**
- **Cu-CMP Resistivity**

## Film Properties of HSG series <sup>1)</sup>

Property	HSG-7000	HSG-R7	Methodology
Type	Porous	Non-Porous	—
Dielectric constant	2.2	2.8	CV@1MHz
Young's modulus [GPa]	4.3	4.4	Nano-indentation <sup>2)</sup>
Weight loss [%]	< 1	< 1	Isothermal TGA, 425°C, 2h
Out-gassing (relative value)	0.6	1	TDS
Crack Threshold(mm)	> 2.5	1.5	—

1) Cure conditions : 400 °C / 30min under N2 atmosphere

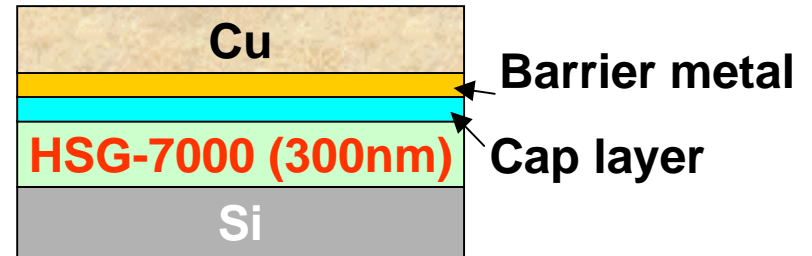
2) Nano-indenter DCM by MTS

# Cu-CMP Process

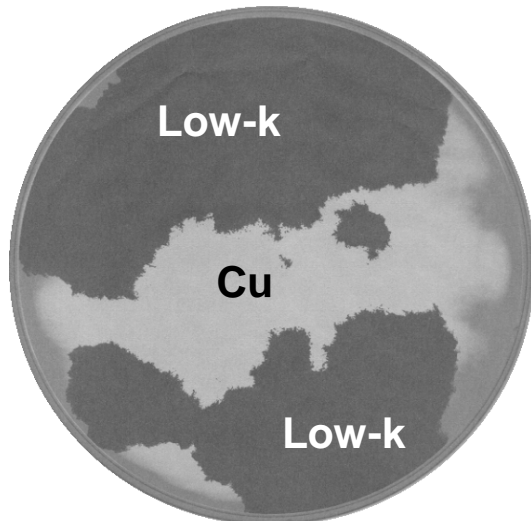
— Combination of HSG-7000 with HS-C500-X —

- Slurry :  
HS-C500-X
- Polisher :  
Conventional Rotary type Polisher

- Structure (Blanket wafer)



Conventional (E = 2.0GPa)



HSG-7000 (E = 4.3GPa)



# Summary

- (1) Abrasive free Cu-CMP slurry has successfully developed.**
- (2) Cu CMP slurry which can achieve low down force polishing is newly formulated.**
- (3) HSG-7000 which has high mechanical strength is developed though Cu-CMP test.**